

032

January 1971

System Calls
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102

008 H1 +
S
S
S
S
S

3.

This chapter needs an introduction.

CHAPTER 4 - SYSTEM CALLS

3 System architecture

009 H2 +
S
010 S0 +
011 +
012 +
013 +
014 +
015 +
016 +
017 +
S

4.1 USER-SYSTEM INTERACTION directories

The CAL Time Sharing System provides a number of actions which are available to the user so that he can interact with the system. The actions apply to the objects created and maintained by the ECS and disk systems: files, maps, allocation blocks, event channels, capability lists (C-lists), operations, processes, and class codes. A record is kept in a table in ECS, called the Master Object Table (MOT), of all objects existing in ECS at any given time. Each entry in MOT gives the name of the object and its ECS location. *(fields)*

018 S1 +
019 +
020 +
021 +
022 +
023 +
024 +
S

The user makes a call upon the system by setting up the appropriate parameter list for the action he wants to initiate, prior to passing control to the system entry/exit routines by executing a CEJ instruction. (The CEJ, Central Exchange Jump, causes the current contents of the 6400 central processor's registers to be exchanged with a similar 16 word package in Central Memory.) The system entry/exit routines determine the nature of the user's call, collect and check the parameters needed for the action, transfer control to the proper system action routine, and finally, return control to the user (by another CEJ, which restores the registers) after the system action is completed.

029 H4 +

4.1.1 Requesting a System Action

S
030 S0 +
031 +
032 +
033 +
034 +
035 +
036 +
037 +
038 +
039 +
040 +

The CEJ instruction used to call the system supplies the information required to initiate the action and return to the user. (See Figure 1.) In particular, it is expected that the CEJ was in the upper 30 bits of the instruction word; of these 30 bits, the lower 18 bits are used by the system to locate the user's input parameter (IP) list. If this 18 bit field is negative, the complement of the low order 4 bits specify which register in the user's exchange package contains the input parameter list pointer (e.g., -3 → B3; -10 → X2). Otherwise, the 18 bit field itself is taken to be the IP list pointer. This pointer is checked for legality (i.e., it must be positive and less than the user's field length) and an error is generated if appropriate.

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001 N +
 002#C +
 S
 S

004 S2AT **+
 005 SOB +

006#SOT T**+
 007#SOT T**+
 008 AE +

S
 009 S1 +

S

010 S1AT **+
 011 SOB +

012#SOT T**+
 013 AE +

S
 014 S1 +

| where ptr is a pointer to a return authorization:
 S
 015 S1AT **+
 016 SOB +
 017#SOT T**+
 018 SOT +
 019 AL +

020#SOT T**+
 021 SOT +
 022#SOT T +
 023 AE +

Figure 1. System Call Instruction

	59	51	47	30	17	0
--	----	----	----	----	----	---

CEJ	IP list pointer			P-counter offset		
-----	--------------------	--	--	---------------------	--	--

can we indicate
bit 18 separately?

| If bit 18=1, the next word contains:

	59	30	17	0
--	----	----	----	---

unconditional jump			ptr		
--------------------	--	--	-----	--	--

| where ptr is a pointer to a return authorization:

	59	44	30	17	0
--	----	----	----	----	---

# returned	# allowed	ptr to data buffer			
------------	-----------	-----------------------	--	--	--

# returned	# allowed	index to return capa- bilities			
------------	-----------	--------------------------------------	--	--	--

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001 N +
002 +
003 +
004 +
005 +
006 +
007 +
008 +
009 +
010 +
011 +
012 +

| Each entry in the input parameter (IP) list may be one of four types
| (see Figure 2): type D, a 60-bit data item; type C, a capability
| specifier; type BD, a block data specifier; or type BC, a block
| capability specifier. Type C, a capability specifier, may be either
| direct or indirect. The direct form specifies the capability at index
| 1 in the user's capability list (local C-list), while the indirect form
| requires that index1 be the index in the full C-list of a capability
| for a C-list; the specified capability is at index2 in the C-list
| given by index1. Each capability residing in a C-list authorizes
| access to a particular object in addition to giving the object's type
| (file, process, event channel, etc.) and the set of actions allowed on
| that particular object (option bits). See section 3.7 for a full description of capabilities + C-lists

delete space

full

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001 N +
 002 C +
 S
 S
 S

004 S3T T +
 005 SOB +
 006 SO T +
 007 AE +
 S
 S

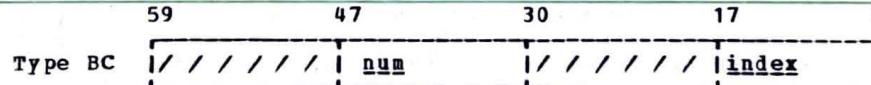
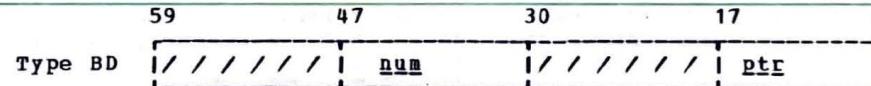
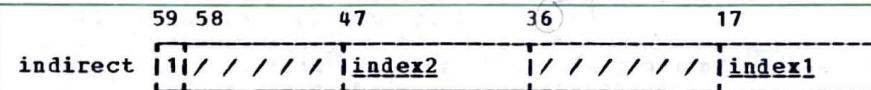
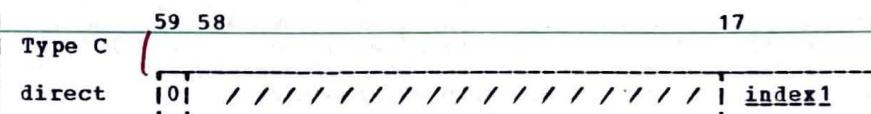
008 S2T T**+
 009 SO +
 010 SOB +
 011#SO T T+
 012 AE +
 S
 S

013 S2T T**+
 014 SOB +
 015#SO T **+
 016 AE +
 S
 S

017 S2T T**+
 018 SOB +
 019#SO T **+
 020 AE +
 S
 S

021 S2T T**+
 022 SOB +
 023#SO T **+
 024 AE +

Figure 2. Input Parameter (IP) List Types



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001 N + |
 002 S1 + | The first parameter, that is, the first word of the IP list (called
 003 + | IP0), is always expected to be an index into the user's capability
 004 + | list. This parameter, after being checked for legality (i.e., it must
 005 + | be positive and within the range of the full C-list), is used to fetch
 006 + | the capability for the operation which specifies the action to be
 007 + | performed, and the nature of the parameters of the action. (If the
 008 + | capability is not for an operation, an error is generated.)
 S
 009 S1 + | Operations are ECS objects which direct the transfer of control from
 010 + | the user to the system when the user calls upon the system. They
 011 + | identify the action(s) to be taken by the system and direct the passing
 012 + | of parameters to the system or between user subprocesses (see 2.3
 013 + | SUBPROCESSES). An operation consists of one or more orders, each of
 014 + | which designates a particular system action, and a set of parameter
 015 + | specifications which indicate the type (capability or datum) of each
 016 + | parameter required for the action and the required options for each
 017 + | capability parameter. Basically, the parameter specifications in the
 018 + | operation are of two genres -- parameters which are permanently "fixed"
 019 + | within the operation and those that are provided by the user. When an
 020 + | operation is first created, before any of its parameters have been
 021 + | specified, all parameter specifications are typed "none". Before the
 022 + | operation can be used, all of its parameters must be specified using
 023 + | the actions provided for specifying operation parameters. If the
 024 + | action is parameterless, the operation contains no parameter
 025 + | information.
 S
 026 S1 + | When the user executes a CES, ^{is called} The system entry/exit routine reads the first order of the operation
 027 + | and uses the parameter specifications to construct an actual parameter
 028 + | (AP) list. This list consists of parameters which are "fixed" in the
 029 + | operation and of user-supplied parameters drawn from the IP list. The
 030 + | IP list should contain, in successive words, datum parameters, (type D)
 031 + | which are transferred directly to the actual parameter list; C-list
 032 + | indices (type C), which designate capabilities in the user's full
 033 + | C-list; block data parameters (type BD), which specify a block of data
 034 + | words to be transferred to the actual parameter list; and block
 035 + | capability indices (type BC), which specify a number of capabilities to
 036 + | be transferred. Two words are copied to the actual parameter list for
 037 + | each capability parameter (capabilities are two words long) and one
 038 + | word is copied for each datum parameter. During the construction of
 039 + | the actual parameter list, errors will be generated if 1) a C-list
 040 + | index is bad (i.e., is negative or outside the full C-list); 2) if the
 041 + | type and options (indicated below by "OB.x") in the capability do not
 042 + | correspond to those specified by the parameter information in the
 043 + | operation (this checking is not performed if the parameter specifica-
 044 + | tion is "any capability"); or 3) if a "none" parameter specification is
 045 + | encountered in which case parameter processing terminates.

leave out?
say see 3.6 instead

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```

001 N +
002 C +
003 SOC G+*
004 SO V **+
005 AT T *+
006 AT T G+
007 AT T G+
008 AT T G+
009 AT T G+
010 AT G +
011 AT T G+
012 AT T +
013 AT T +
014 AT T G+
015 AT T *+*
016 AT +
S
017 S1G +

```

018	AT	+
019	AT G	+
020	AT Q	+
S		
021	S1	+
022		+
023		+
024		+
025		+
026		+
027		+
028		+

S		
029	S1	+
030		+
031		+
S		
032	S1	+

032 B
033 +
034 +
035 +
036 +
037 +
038 +
039 +
040 +
041 +

042	+
043	+
S	
044 S1	+
045	+

Figure 3. Example of Input Parameter (IP) and Actual-Parameter-(A/)

```

graph TD
    IP0[IP0] --> A[A/]
    IP0 --> I_Index[Index for]
    IP0 --> I_D[I-D]
    I_Index --> A
    I_D --> A
    I_D --> I_Apability[I-Apability]
    I_D --> I_C[C]
    I_D --> I_D_Capability[D]
    I_D --> I_BC[BC]
    I_C --> A
    I_D_Capability --> A
    I_BC --> A
    I_C --> A
    I_D --> BD[BD]
    BD --> I_dot1[.]
    I_dot1 --> A
    I_dot1 --> I_dot2[.]
    I_dot2 --> A
    I_dot2 --> D[D]
    D --> AP_fixed[fixed parameter-]
    D --> AP_word[ -word capability]
    AP_fixed --> A
    AP_word --> A
    AP_word --> block_60_bit[block of 60-bit data words]
    block_60_bit --> A
    block_60_bit --> A
    A[60-bit datum]
  
```

After the actual parameter (AP) list is completed, the operation is checked to see if the action is a subprocess call or jump. If so, a flag bit will indicate the presence of a class code (the subprocess name) in the operation. In this case, the operation also contains a parameter type bit mask indicating the type (capability or datum) of each parameter. The system entry/exit routine places the class code from the operation, the number of parameters, and the bit mask into the user's process descriptor in the actual parameter list area.

Finally, the ECS action number is extracted from the operation and is used as an index to a jump to the proper entry point for the desired ECS action. When the action is completed, control returns to the *caller*.
E-return

Under some conditions, when the normal function of an ECS system action cannot be carried out but the condition is not serious enough to warrant the generation of an error, an F-return will result. If this occurs, the count of F-returns initiated for the operation is increased, and the operation is checked to see if it contains any more orders (which are specified as alternative actions). If so, the next order of the operation is interpreted. This process is identical to the one described above, except that the actual parameter list contains the parameters for all orders up to and including the current one. If the F-return count reaches the number of orders in the operation,

There are two different ways in which control is returned to the user depending upon whether an action completed normally (possibly after one

Fix up this
table -

Normal return

F-return

Return & redo

No return at all

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001 + | or more F-returns) or the F-return count became equal to the number of
 002 + | orders in the operation. The normal return causes the user's P-counter
 003 + | to be incremented by the number supplied by the user in the low order
 004 + | 18 bits of the CEJ instruction word originally used to call the system.
 005 + | The new P-counter must be positive and less than the user's field
 006 + | length; otherwise, an error is generated. When the return to the user
 007 + | results from an ultimate F-return, the user's P-counter is left
 008 + | unchanged.

S
 009 S1 + | Some actions attempt to return parameters to the caller. When this happens, as in the case of the "return with parameter" operation (see 4.5...),
 010 + | Bit 18 of the CEJ instruction is also checked. If zero, no return of
 *** + | data or capabilities is authorized. If one, the word following the CEJ
 015 + | must contain a pointer to a return authorization* as shown in figure 1.
 016 + | The # returned fields are both set by the system to the actual number
 S
 S
 017 H4 + | of data (capabilities) returned.

S
 018 S1 + | 4.1.2 Errors:

S
 019 + | The use of improper parameters in making an ECS system call is
 020 + | considered to be an error on the part of the process which is making
 021 + | the call. When an error is detected, it is first assigned an error
 022 + | class and number. The class identifies the type of the error, while
 023 + | the number pinpoints the particular error within a type. Furthermore,
 024 + | associated with each subprocess within a process is an error selection
 025 + | mask (ESM) indicating the classes of errors the subprocess is prepared
 026 + | to handle. The "ancestors" of the current subprocess (see ?) are
 027 + | checked (starting with the current subprocess) to find a subprocess
 028 + | whose ESM indicates it is willing to handle this class of errors. The
 029 + | subprocess which accepts the error is called and is passed the error
 030 + | class and number as AP1 and AP2. (See Figure 4.) Execution in the
 031 + | error processing subprocess is initiated at the normal entry point-1.
 032 + | A precaution is taken against error loops; the subprocess which accepts
 033 + | the error is temporarily disqualified from accepting any more occur-
 S
 034 S1C + | rences of the errors in the same class.

Figure 4. Error Class and Number



18 bits

S
 S
 042 S2 + | Possible errors during system entry/exit processing of an ECS system
 043 + | action call:

S
 S
 *** F + | Used when the return is via a "Return with parameter" operation (see
 *** Z + | 4.5 Subprocess Call Actions).

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	<u>Class</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Error Description</u>
001 S1 T T+			
S			
002 S1 T T+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPT	The IP list pointer address is <- 20
003 S0 T T+	E.PARMS	E.BIGPT	The IP list pointer address is greater than the user's field length
004 SOT +			
005 S0 T T+	E.PARMS	E.NEXIX	C-list negative
006 S0 T T+	E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index too large (not within full C-list)
007 S0 T T+	E.OPER	E.IPO	First parameter (IPO) does not point to a capability for an operation
008 SOT +			
009 S0 T T+	E.OPER	E.NOOP	The operation does not exist
010 S0 T T+	E.OPER	E.PSANY	"ANY" parameters specification encountered
011 S0 T T+	E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad for a capability parameter
012 S0 T T+	E.MISCE	E.CLMOT	C-list does not exist
013 S0 T T+	E.OPER	E.MANPAR	IP list extends past user's field length
014 S0 T T+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR	The new P-counter is negative on return to user
015 S0 T T+	E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR	The new P-counter exceeds the user's field length
016 S0 T T+	E.NOERR	E.NOERR1	No subprocess to take error class

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

PAG LIN CODE

001 001 +FRONT+
001 002 +SWIDTH71+
001 003 +DEPTH50+
001 004 +LENGTH71+
001 005 +MARGIN0+
001 006 +TITLE+SYSTEM CALLS
001 007 +SUBTITLE+January 1971
002 003 +SETTAB2=13,3=19,4=39,5=55,6=69+
002 004 -S2AT1-59-T2-51-T3-47-T4-30-T5-17-T6-0
002 005 -S0B5,13,19,39,55,69-
002 006 -S0T1- CEJ -T2- / / -T3- IP list -T4- / / / / -T5- P-counter
002 007 -S0T2- / / -T3- pointer-T4- / / / / -T5- offset
002 010 -S1AT1-59-T4-30-T5-17-T6-0
002 011 -S0B5,39,55,69-
002 012 -S0T1- unconditional jump-T4- / / / / /
002 015 -S1AT1-59-T3-44-T4-30-T5-17-T6-0
002 016 -S0B5,19,39,55,69-
002 017 -S0T1- # returned -T3- # allowed -T4- / / / / / /
002 018 -S0T5- buffer
002 020 -S0T1- # returned -T3- # allowed -T4- / / / / / / -T5- index to
002 021 -S0T5- return capa-
002 022 -S0T4- / / / / / -T5- bilities
003 013 +SETTAB+
004 003 +SETTAB1=10,2=23,3=36,4=49,5=60+
004 004 -S3T1-59-T5-0
004 005 -S0B10,60-
004 006 -S0-Type D -T3-datum
004 008 -S2T1-59 58 -T4-17-T5-0
004 010 -S0B10,12,49,60-
004 011 -S0-direct-T1- 0 / -T4- index1
004 013 -S2T1-59 58 -T2-47-T3-36-T4-17-T5-0
004 014 -S0B10,12,23,36,49,60-
004 015 -S0-indirect-T1- 1 / / / / / -T2- index2 -T3- / / / / / -T4- index1
004 017 -S2T1-59-T2-47-T3-30-T4-17-T5-0
004 018 -S0B10,23,36,49,60-
004 019 -S0-Type BD -T1- / / / / / -T2- num -T3- / / / / / -T4- pte
004 021 -S2- -T1-59-T2-47-T3-30-T4-17-T5-0
004 022 -S0B10,23,36,49,60-
004 023 -S0-Type BC -T1- / / / / / -T2- num -T3- / / / / / -T4- index
004 025 +SETTAB+
006 003 -SOC-Actual Parameter (AP) List Interactions -G4,20--T4-/

T360-162 ATTEMPT TO OVERLAY VALID CHARACTER
Descriptor (AP) List Interactions -G4,20--T4--

T360.162 ATTEMPT TO OVERLAY VALID CHARACTER WHILE DRAWING HORIZONTAL LINE
006 007 -AT2- C -T4- 2-word -G4,20-

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

T360.183 EDIT CODE PROCESSING OUT OF SYNCHRONIZATION

T360.182 INVALID EDIT CODE

007 038 -S0B16,45,57

T360.183 EDIT CODE PROCESSING OUT OF SYNCHRONIZATION

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

PAG LIN

CODE

008 001 -S1-Class -T2-Number -T4-Error Description
008 002 -S1-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGPT -T4-The IP list pointer address is <- 20
008 003 -S0-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGPT -T4-The IP list pointer address is greater than the
008 004 -S0T4- user's field length
008 005 -S0-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEXIX -T4-C-list negative
008 006 -S0-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGIX -T4-C-list index too large (not within full C-list)
008 007 -S0-E.OPER -T2-E.IPO -T4-First parameter (IPO) does not point to a capability
008 008 -S0T4- for an operation
008 009 -S0-E.OPER -T2-E.NOOP -T4-The operation does not exist
008 010 -S0-E.OPER -T2-E.PSANY -T4-"ANY" parameters specification encountered
008 011 -S0-E.OPER -T2-E.CAPTY -T4-Type or options bad for a capability parameter
008 012 -S0-E.MISCE -T2-E.CLMMOT -T4-C-list does not exist
008 013 -S0-E.OPER -T2-E.MANPAR -T4-IP list extends past user's field length
008 014 -S0-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGPAR -T4-The new P-counter is negative on return to user
008 015 -S0-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGPAR -T4-The new P-counter exceeds the user's field length
008 016 -S0-E.NOERR -T2-E.NOERR1 -T4-No subprocess to take error class

007	+	<u>File Actions</u>	
S			
S			
008 S1	+	The Time-Sharing System provides a number of actions for handling	
S			
009	+	files. A description of files and how they are handled under TSS	
S			
010	+	appears in Section 2.1. The following list summarizes the available	
S			
011	+	actions:	
S			
S			
013 S1AT U+		<u>ECS File Actions</u>	<u>Disk File Actions</u>
S			
S			
014 S1AT U+		Create a file	Create a file
S			
015 AT U +		Create a data block	Create a data block
S			
016 AT U +		Delete a data block	Delete a data block
S			
017 AT U +		Delete a file	Delete a file
S			
018 AT U +		Check missing block (probe)	Check for missing block on disk file
S			
019	+		(probe)
S			
020 AT U +		Read file shape	Open read only (read/write)
S			
021 AT U +		Read/write information	Close
S			
022 AT U +		Move a data block	Pseudo-close
S			
023 AT U +		Test and reset dirty bit	Attach file blocks
S			
024 S0 +			Detach file blocks
S			
025 S0 +			Interchange file contents (shazam)
S			
026 S0 +			Make shared claim
S			
027 S0 +			Make exclusive claim
S			
028 S0 +			Release claim
S			
029 S0 +			Display file information
S			
030 S0 +			Privileged create
S			
031 S0 +			Close all open files xxxxxxxx

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*insert create
file directory system
disk file*

001 S0	+		Close all open files over-ride
S			
002 S0	+		Return and reset disk subsystem
S			
003 S	+		clocks
S			
S	*		
S			
005 S1	+	Detailed descriptions of these actions appear below. For a general	
S			
006 S	+	description of how the user calls the system to initiate an action, see	
S			
007 S	+	Section 3.?	
S			
S			
008 S1	+	-N- Create an ECS file	
S			
S			
009 S1T	+	IP1 C: Capability for allocation block (OB.CRFIL)	
S			
010 S0T	+	IP2 D: C-list index to return capability	
S			
011 S0T	+	IP3 D: Number of levels in the file	
S			
012 S0T	+	IP4 D: Pointer to a list of shape numbers	
S			
S			
013 S1	+	When a file is created, only the file descriptor is constructed. The	
S			
014 +		file descriptor contains a pointer to the root of the file tree	
S			
015 +		(initially empty since no data or pointer blocks exist). The user	
S			
016 +		supplies the capability of the allocation block which is to fund the	
S			
017 +		ECS space occupied by the file. The user must also supply the index of	
S			
018 +		the C-list slot where the system will put the capability for the newly	
S			
019 +		created file (all option bits in the capability for the new file are	
S			
020 +		turned on). The last two parameters of the file create action,	
S			
021 +		indicate the number of levels (n) contained in the structure of the	
S			
022 +		file tree, and a pointer to a list of n shape numbers (S1 through Sn),	
S			
023 +		the first n-1 of which indicate the number of branches from each	
S			
024 +		pointer block at each successive level of the file tree; the last shape	

(EC:CFIL) These are all the same length so just say
example-T12-(EC:CFIL)

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001 + | number (Sn) gives the uniform size of all data blocks in the file. A
S
002 + | "one level file" (IP3=1) consists of a single data block of length S1.
S
003 + | Each shape number (S1 excepted) must be a non-negative power of two.

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See next page here

001 N +	Possible errors while creating an ECS file:		
003 AT T U +		Class	Number
S			
S			
S			
004 S1AT **+		E.ABLOCK	E.NOABLK
S			Allocation block does not exist
005 AT T U +		E.ABLOCK	E.NOECS
S			No ECS available
006 AT T U +		E.PARMS	E.NEGIX
S			C-list index is negative.
007 AT T U +		E.PARMS	E.BIGIX
S			C-list index exceeds full C-list
008 AT T U +		E.PARMS	E.NEGPT
S			Pointer to list of shape numbers is
009 +			negative
S			
010 AT T U +		E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR
S			Level number n < 1
011 AT T U +		E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR
S			Level number is too large or
012 S0 +			Pointer to list of shape numbers plus
S			
013 +			list length exceeds user's FL
S			
014 AT T U +		E.OPER	E.CAPTY
S			Type or options bad
015 AT T U +		E.FILES	E.NEGSIZ
S			Non-positive shape number
016 AT T U +		E.FILES	E.BIGSIZ
S			Shape numbers exceeds $2^{17}-1$
017 AT T U +		E.FILES	E.NOTPOW
S			Shape number other than S1 not a power of
018 +			2
S			
019 AT T U +		E.FILES	E.BIGFIL
			Total size of file exceeds $2^{59}-1$

*** N + | Create a disk file (privileged operation *)

(DF:CFIL)

005 S1T + | Input parameters:

006 SOT + | IP1 D: Disk accounting record number

007 SOT + | IP2 BD: Shape numbers S1 through Sn

008 S1T + | Returned parameters:

009 SOT + | RDAT D: Disk unique name, header block size, and disk address

010 SOT + | (one word)

011 SOT + | RCAP C: ECS file capability for new file

012 S1 + | A file of the specified dimensions (see 'Create ECS file') is created

013 + | in both ECS and the disk system data structure. The resulting disk

014 + | file is opened for the creating process. The new file is associated

015 + | with the disk accounting record specified by the first parameter (IP1),

016 + | and this record must fund all permanent disk space occupied by the

017 + | file. Although space is reserved on the disk for the file header block

018 + | (see below), it is not copied to the disk until the file is closed.

in case of

019 S1 + | For a disk file, the first level of pointers (or the data block in a

020 + | one level file) is associated with the header block of the file (in

021 + | contrast to the scheme for ECS files in which the file descriptor and

022 + | file root are separate). Thus, if the new file is a one level file,

023 + | the data block is funded and added to the ECS incarnation of the file.

*** P + | * Privileged operations are used by privileged system subprocesses
*** Z + | and are not allowed to be in C-lists.

user

001 S1 + | An ECS file capability (with write access) together with the disk
 S
 002 + | unique name and header block address are returned to the caller via the
 S
 003# + | return parameter mechanisms (see). The ECS file capability has
 S
 004 + | all options set except for: OB.DSTRY, OB.CHNAM, OB.CREBL, OB.DELBL,
 S
 005 + | OB.PLMAP, OB.FDAE, and OB.TRDB. There are many restrictions on the
 S
 006 + | shape of a disk file. Considerations of efficiency and utility have
 S
 007 + | forced what may seem to be arbitrary limitations on the range of the
 S
 008 + | dimensions of a disk file.
 S
 009 S1 + | Shape restrictions: one level files - data block size $< 512 - 4$
 S
 S
 010 S1T + | multi-level files - number of levels ≤ 11
 S
 012 SOU + | data block size = 128 or 256 or
 S
 013#SOT + | 512
 S
 014 S0 + | pointer block fan out ≥ 8
 S
 015 SOT + |
 S
 016 SOT + |
 S
 017 SOT + |
 S
 018 S0 + | first shape number (S1) ≤ 128
 S
 019 S0 + | total length of file $\leq 2^{36} - 1$
 S
 S
 021 S1 + | In addition to errors which may be detected while processing the file
 S
 022 + | description, errors may be encountered in funding the newly created
 S
 023 + | file. Fixed ECS space is funded from the process allocation block; a
 S
 024 + | one-level file receives the data block size plus 4 words; a multi-level
 S
 025 + | file receives the sum of the number of levels plus the first shape
 S
 026 + | number plus four. Permanent disk space is funded from the disk

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001	+	accounting record (IP1); a one-level file receives from 1 to 7 sectors
002	+	depending on the data block size, and a multi-level file receives one
003	+	sector. Enough Disk system Data Storage (DDS) is reserved to permit creating at least
S	*	<i>one block on the file. Additional DDS space may be reserved by making the appropriate call upon the disk system.</i>
004 S1	+	Possible errors while creating a disk file:
S		
S		
006 S1T T**		Class Number Description of levels
S		
S		
007 S1T T**		E.PARMS E.NEGPAR <i>(Level number < 1)</i>
S		<i>number of levels</i>
008 SOT T**		E.FILES E.LLEV <i>(Level number too large)</i>
S		
009 SOT T**		E.FILES E.NEGSIZ Data block size negative or (multi-
S		level file) too small (< 128) <i>- multi-level file</i>
010 SOT	+	
S		
011 SOT	+	Shape number too small (< 8) <i>- multi-level file</i>
S		
012 SOT T**		E.FILES E.BIGSIZ Data block too big (multi-level > 512) (one-
S		
013 SOT	+	
S		
014 SOT T**		E.FILES E.NOTPOW Data block size or pointer block size
S		
015 SOT	+	(multi-level file) not power of 2
S		
016 SOT T**		E.FILES E.BIGFIL File too big (> $2^{36} - 1$)
S		
017 SOT T**		E.FILES E.NOLFH Too many locally open files
S		
018 SOT T**		E.FILES E.FULL Disk system tables full
S		
019 SOT T**		E.ABLOCK E.NOABLK Disk accounting record does not exist
S		
020 SOT T**		E.ABLOCK E.NOECS Not enough fixed ECS for file
S		
021 SOT T**		E.ABLOCK E.NODSK Not enough permanent disk space in
S		
022 SOT	+	disk accounting record
S		

E.ABLOCK E.NODDS *not enough DDS space*

(EC:CBX)

001 N + | Create an ECS File Data Block
S
S •
S
002 S1T + | IP1 C: Capability for file (OB.CREBL)
S
003 S0T + | IP2 D: Address of block in the file
S
S
004 S1 + | Once an ECS file has been created, data blocks of the declared length
S
005 + | (Sn) may be added subsequently, one at a time, to hold data or code. A
S
006 + | count of the subprocess map entries which reference the data block is
S
007 + | maintained with each data block. (This count is important when
S
008 + | deleting a block - see below). To create a block, the user supplies a
S
009 + | capability for the file to which the block is being added, and an
S
010 + | address which is contained in the block which is to be added to the
S
011 + | file.
S
S
012 S1 + | When a data block is added to a file, it may also be necessary for the
S
013 + | system to create some or all of the pointer blocks between that data
S
014 + | block and the file descriptor. Recall that pointer blocks are required
S
015 + | to link the file descriptor to the data blocks in any file with more
S
016 + | than one shape number (i.e., not a one level file). All newly
S
017 + | allocated ECS space is charged to the allocation block associated with
S
018 + | the file.

001	N	*	! Possible errors while creating a block:			
S	S	*				
S	S1T	T**+		Class	Number	
S				Description		
003	S1T	T**+		E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index is negative
S						
004	SOT	T**+		E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
S						
005	SOT	T**+		E.PARMS	E.NEGPT	Address of new block is negative
S						
006	SOT	T**+		E.PARMS	E.BIGPT	Address of new block ≥ file length
S						
007	SOT	*		(address range: 0 to length-1)		
S						
008	SOT	T**+		E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad
S						
009	SOT	T**+		E.FILES	E.NOFIL	File does not exist
S						
010	SOT	T**+		E.FILES	E.ISBLK	Address of new block indicates an already existing block
S						
011	SOT	*				
S						
012	SOT	T**+		E.ABLOCK	E.NOECS	No ECS space available

corresponds to

001 N + | Create_disk_file_data_blocks
 S
 S •
 S
 002 S1T + | IP1 C: ECS file capability for locally open disk file (OB.DCRBL)
 S
 003 S0T + | IP2 D: Starting file address
 S
 004 S0T + | IP3 D: Word count
 S
 005 S1 + | Data blocks may be added to any locally open disk file. The file to be
 S
 006 + | enlarged is specified by giving the ECS file capability (IP1) for a
 S
 007 + | locally open disk file (i.e., a disk file which has been opened by the
 S
 008 + | calling process). More than one block may be added at once. Blocks
 S
 009 + | beginning with the one containing the starting file address (IP2)
 S
 010 + | through the one containing the starting address plus the word count
 S
 011 + | (IP2 + IP3) are created and attached to the calling process.
 S
 S
 012 S1 + | All new data blocks and any necessary new pointer blocks are funded on
 S
 013 + | the disk by the disk accounting record associated with the disk file.
 S
 014 + | Disk space for all data blocks is funded before any blocks are created
 S
 015 + | (unused space is returned in case of an error). Swapped ECS space for
 S
 016 + | attaching the new data blocks is charged to the swapped ECS account of
 S
 017 + | the calling process. The actual ECS file space occupied by the new
 S
 018 + | file blocks is absorbed by the disk system ECS allocation block.
 S
 S
 019 S1 + | The create disk file data block operation will generate an F-return if
 S
 020 + | the disk file to be enlarged is frozen, (i.e., all usage is being paid
 S
 021 + | for by a single user). On one-level disk files this action ^{means an error, after checking that the}
 S
 022 + | ^{file addresses are in range. This is because the code does a one-level check and can not do}
 S
 023 + | address checking. Errors may occur after one or more blocks have been
 S
 created. The file address of the first block not created is added to

(DF.CBLL)

001	*	the error number to indicate the state of the file when the error
002	*	occurred.
S		
S		
003 S1	*	Possible errors while creating a disk file data block:
S		
S		
005 S1T T**		<u>Class</u> <u>Number</u> <u>Description</u>
S		
S		
006 S1T T**		<u>E.PARMS</u> <u>NumberAR</u> <u>Description</u>
S		
S		
007 S1T T**		E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index is negative
S		
008 SOT T**		E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list
S		
009 SOT T**		E.PARMS E.NEGPAR Negative starting file address or negative
S		
010 SOT *		word count
S		
011 SOT T**		E.PARMS E.BIGPAR File address plus word count exceeds file
S		
012 SOT *		length
S		
013 SOT T**		E.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad
S		
014 SOT T**		E.FILES E.NODFIL No such disk file opened by this process
S		
015 SOT T**		E.FILES E.DIOERR ¹ Error on pointer block read from disk
S		
016 SOT *		(modifier = file address of first block not created)
S		
*** SOT *		(created)
S		
020 SOT T**		E.FILES E.ISBLK ¹ Data block address already exists (modifier =
S		
021 SOT *		file address of block which exists)
S		
022 SOT T**		E.FILES E.NABR ¹ No attached block record, i.e., disk system
S		
023 SOT *		out of local storage (modifier = file address
S		
024 SOT *		of first block not created) {E.FILES E.ISBLK ¹ stored to disk
S		
025 SOT T**		E.ABLOCK E.NODSK Insufficient disk space to fund all data blocks
S		
*** F Z *		-----
		¹ Error may occur after zero, one or more blocks have been created.

032

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001 SOT T**
S

| E.ABLOCK E.NOSWP

Insufficient swapped ECS in process disk
accounting record.

002 SOT *

001	N	+	Delete a data block from an ECS file	(ECS:DBLK)
S				
S	*			
S				
002	S1T	+	IP1 C: Capability for file (OB.DELBL)	
S				
003	SOT	+	IP2 D: Address of block to be deleted	
S				
S				
004	S1	+	A block can be deleted from a file as long as it is not referenced by	
S				
005	+		an entry in some subprocess map (reference count = 0). The user must	
S				
006	+		supply the capability index for the file and the address within the	
S				
007	+		file of the block which is to be deleted. If the block is referenced	
S				
008	+		by a map entry, an error is issued.	
S				
S				
009	S1	+	Possible errors while deleting a data block from an ECS file:	
S				
011	SOT T**		<u>Class</u> <u>Number</u> <u>Description</u>	
S				
S				
012	S1T T**		E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list is negative .	
S				
013	SOT T**		E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list	
S				
014	SOT T**		E.PARMS E.NEGPAR Pointer is negative	
S				
015	SOT T**		E.PARMS E.BIGPAR Pointer is too large	
S				
016	SOT T**		E.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad	
S				
017	SOT T**		E.FILES E.NOBLK Block to be deleted does not exist	
S				
018	SOT T**		E.FILES E.INMAPS Block to be deleted is in a map	

001 N + | Delete a block from a disk file *✓*
 S
 S
 002 S1T + | IP1 C: ECS file capability for locally open disk file (OB.DLBL)
 S
 003 S0T + | IP2 D: Starting address in file
 S
 004 S0T + | IP3 D: Word count
 S
 S
 005 S1 + | Data blocks may be deleted from a locally open disk file. The file is
 S
 006 + | specified by giving the ECS file capability (IP1) for a locally open
 S
 007 + | disk file. More than one block may be deleted at a time. Blocks are
 S
 008 + | destroyed beginning with the block containing the starting file address
 S
 009 + | (IP2) through the block containing the starting address plus the word
 S
 010 + | count (IP2 + IP3).
 S
 S
 011 S1 + | The blocks to be deleted may be either on the disk (unattached) or in
 S
 012 + | ECS. If in ECS, they must be attached only to the calling process.
 S
 013 + | Furthermore, they may not be in any maps.
 S
 S
 014 S1 + | The disk space occupied by the deleted data blocks is refunded to the
 S
 015 + | disk accounting record associated with the file. Space for any pointer
 S
 016 + | blocks which may become empty is not refunded until the file is
 S
 017 + | globally closed (no longer in use) or pseudo-closed (a technique for
 S
 018 + | updating the disk version of a file). If some of the data blocks were
 S
 019 + | locally attached, swapped ECS space is refunded to the calling program.
 S
 S
 020 S1 + | The operation to delete disk file data blocks will F-return if the disk
 S
 021 + | file is frozen. This action ~~does only address~~ *release as later* checking on one-level
 S
 022 + | disk files. *The data block of a one-level closed file can never be added to*
 S
 023 + | deleted. The file address of the first block not deleted is added to

001	+	the error number to facilitate error recovery.				
S						
S	*					
S						
002	S1	+	Possible errors while deleting a block from a disk file:			
S						
S						
004	S1AT	**+	Class	<u>Number</u>		
S						
S						
005	S1T	T**+	E.PARMS	E.NEGIX		
S		C-list index is negative				
006	S0T	T**+	E.PARMS	E.BIGIX		
S		C-list index exceeds full C-list				
007	AT	T U+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR		
S		Negative starting file address or nega-				
008		+	E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR		
S		tive word count				
009	AT	T U+	E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR		
S		File address plus word count exceeds file				
010		+		length		
S						
011	AT	T U+	E.OPER	E.CAPTY		
S		Type or options bad				
012	AT	T U+	E.FILES	E.NODFIL		
S		No such disk file open by calling process				
013	AT	T U+	E.FILES	E.DIOERR?		
S		I/O error reading pointer block (modifier				
014		+	E.FILES	E.FIRSTBLK?		
S		= file address of first block not				
015		+	E.FILES	E.NOBLK?		
S		deleted)				
***		+	E.FILES	E.NOBLK?		
S		Block to be deleted does not exist (modi-				
020	AT	T U+	E.FILES	E.NOBLK?		
S		fier = file address of first block which				
021		+	E.FILES	E.NOBLK?		
S		does not exist)				
022		+	E.FILES	E.TMGA?		
S		Block is attached to another process				
023	AT	T U+	E.FILES	E.TMGA?		
S		(modifier = file address of attached				
024		+	E.FILES	E.INMAPS?		
S		block)				
025		+	E.FILES	E.INMAPS?		
S		Block in some map in calling process				
026	AT	T U+	E.FILES	E.INMAPS?		
S						
***	F Z	+	-----			
			² Error may occur after zero, one or more block have been deleted.			

001

+

I

(modifier = file address of block in map)

E FILES C.22EV

attempt a write back of a one-level file

032

001	N	+
S		
S	.	
S		
002	S1T	+
S		
S		
003	S1	+
S		
004	.	+
S		
005	.	+
S		
S		
006	S1	+
S		
S	.	
007	S1T	T**
S		
S		
008	S1T	T**
S		
009	SOT	T**
S		
010	SOT	T**
S		
011	SOT	T**

Delete a Disk file

(DF: DFL)

IPI c: capability for a disk file (OB.DSTRP)

The disk file to be deleted must be locally open and it must not be used by any other process. Blocks may exist on the file and may be attached but not. Block of the file is mapped in a map. If everything is ok, success and freed up and immediately released to the local assembly record. Disk space occupied by the file will be released by a parallel process which will complete the file destruction.

Possible error in deleting a disk file

E.open
E.files
E.files
E.files

E.create
E.modify
E.TRMN
E.inmaps

Typical errors - bad no such locally open disk file file is open in some other process block of file is in a map (modified = file address of offending block)

(EC.MBCK)

001 N +	Move an ECS File Block		
S			
S +			
S .			
002 S1T +	IP1 C: Capability for source file (OB.RDFIL, OB.DELBL)		
S			
003 S0T +	IP2 D: Address in source file of block to be moved		
S			
004 S0T +	IP3 C: Capability for destination file (OB.WFILE, OB.CREBL)		
S			
005 S0T +	IP4 D: Address in destination file of block to be moved		
S			
006 S1 +	File blocks can be transferred between ECS files whose data block sizes		
S			
007 +	(Sn) are equal. In addition to the capabilities for the source and		
S			
008 +	destination files, the system expects to receive from the user the		
S			
009 +	address within the source file of the block to be moved and the address		
S			
010 +	in the destination file to which the block is being moved. Any address		
S			
011 +	within each block suffices. If the block to be moved is referenced by		
S			
012 +	a map, moving it (which deletes it from the source file) would cause		
S			
013 +	problems when swapping; therefore an error is issued. If no errors		
S			
014 +	occur, the designated block is deleted from the source file and added		
S			
015 +	to the destination file. The contents of the block are not affected.		
S			
S			
016 S1 +	Possible errors while moving a block:		
S			
S			
018 S1AT **	E.FILES	E.NOBLK	Block to be moved does not exist in
S			
019 +			source file
S			
020 AT T U+	E.FILES	E.ISBLK	A block already exists at the designated
S			
021 +			address in the destination file
S			
022 AT T U+	E.FILES	E.MISMCH	Files do not have equal data block sizes
S			
023 AT T U+	E.FILES	E.INMAPS	Block to be moved is in a map
S			
024 AT T U+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPT	File address negative

001 AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.BIGPT	File address too large
S				
002 AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index is negative
S				
003 AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
S				
004 AT T U+		E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad

-11-

(DF:OPR0, DF:OPRW)

001 N + | Open a disk file read-only (read/write)
 S
 S
 002 S1T + | Input parameter:
 S
 003 SOT + | IP1 C: Disk file capability (OB.OPEN (OB.WFILE))
 S
 S
 004 S1T + | Returned parameter:
 S
 005 SOT + | RCAP Q: ECS file capability for open disk file
 S
 S
 006 S1 + | Before a disk file can be manipulated, it must first be logically
 S
 007 + | opened. The open action returns an ECS file capability for the ECS
 S
 008 + | incarnation of the disk file. Almost all disk file operations require
 S
 009 + | this ECS file capability as a parameter. To facilitate file sharing, a
 S
 010 + | disk file may be opened by several processes and may be opened
 S
 011 + | repeatedly by a single process. A process local open count permits
 S
 012 + | repeated opening and closing by a single process without interfering
 S
 013 + | with the global open count, which reflects the number of separate
 S
 014 + | processes which have logically opened the file.
 S
 S
 015 S1 + | The disk file capability (IP1) contains the disk address and unique
 S
 016 + | identification for the disk file. The first time a disk file is
 S
 017 + | opened, the header block for the file must be read from the disk and an
 S
 018 + | ECS file created from the shape description contained therein. Subse-
 S
 019 + | quent opens return a capability for the ECS file created by the initial
 S
 020 + | open without requiring a disk reference.
 S
 S
 021 S1 + | If the file has not been opened previously by the calling process, the
 S
 022 + | process is charged for the fixed ECS space required for the ECS file
 S
 023 + | descriptor and the first level of the file tree. On the disk, the

001 + | first level of the file is stored in the header block of the file and
 S
 002 + | must be brought to ECS when the file is opened. If the file is frozen
 S
 003 + | or is already open in the calling process, no charge is made for fixed
 S
 004 + | ECS space. Fixed ECS space is funded by the process allocation block;
 S
 005 + | a one-level file must pay for space equal to the data block size plus
 S
 006 + | four; a multi-level file pays for space equal to the number of levels
 S
 007 + | plus the number of branches from the first level (S1) plus four. In addition, sufficient DOS space
 S
 S • (disk system global storage) is reserved to allow the attachment of any one file block. Additional DDS space may
 S be reserved explicitly or automatically as needed.
 008 S1 + | An ECS file capability, with or without write access, is returned
 S
 009 + | depending on whether the open read only or open read/write operation
 S
 010 + | was called for. The "open read/write" operation requires an additional
 S
 011 + | option bit (OB.WFILE) in the disk file capability (IP1) to satisfy the
 S "Open read/write" return extra options: OB.WFILE, OB.DCPBL, and OB.DDLBL.
 012 + | ECS system parameter checking. In addition, the option bits of the ECS
 S (cont'd)
 013 + | file capability are ANDed with the option bits of the user supplied
 S
 014 + | disk file capability (IP1) before the ECS file capability is returned
 S
 015 + | to the caller. Finally, the following options are turned off in the ECS
 S
 016 + | file capability which is returned: OB.DSTRY, OB.CHNAM, OB.CREBL,
 S
 017 + | OB.DELBL, OB.PLMAP, OB.FDAE, and OB.TRDB. *Oe*

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001 N +	Prohibited options are:			
S	S S •			
003 S1AT U+		OB.DSTRY	Destroy a file	
S				
004 SOAT U+		OB.CHNAM	Change unique name	
S				
005 SOAT U+		OB.CREBL	Create a block	
S				
006 SOAT U+		OB.DELBL	Delete a block	
S				
007 SOAT U+		OB.FDAE	Direct ECS access	
S				
008 AT U +		OB.PLMAP	Place in subprocess map	
S				
009 AT U +		OB.TRDB	Test and reset dirty bit	
S				
011 S1 +	Possible errors while opening a disk file: <i>Return condition: file is exclusively "open already"</i>			
S				
013 SOAT **		<u>Class</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	
S				
014 S1AT **		E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list is negative
S				
015 SOAT **		E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
S				
016 AT T U+		E.FILES	E.NODFIL	No such disk file or
S				
017 SO +		Disk parity error on header block		
S				
018 SOAT **		E.FILES	E.TMOPN	Too many opens (local open count > <i>(2¹⁸-1 or global open count > 2¹⁸-1)</i>)
S				
019 +				
S				
020 SOAT **		E.FILES	E.NOLFH	Too many locally open files (>?)
S				
021 AT T U+		<i>E.FILES</i>	E.FULL	Disk system tables full
S				
022 AT T U+		E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad
S				
023 SOAT **		E.ABLOCK	E.NOECS	Insufficient fixed ECS to open file
	<i>E.ablock E.NOODS</i>			
	<i>Insufficient PDS space</i>			

001 N +
S
S
S

| Close a disk file

(DF.CLO-ECS file capability)
(DF:CLOS-Disk file capability)

002 S1T +
S

| IP1 C: ECS file capability (or disk file capability)

003 S0T +
S
S

| for locally open disk file (OB.CLOSE)

004 S1 +
S

| A disk file should be closed when a process is through manipulating it.

005 +
S

| If the calling process is the only process to have opened the file, a

006 +
S

| close will cause the contents of the file on the disk to be updated to

007 +
S

| reflect all changes in the file content and size. Should the system

008 +
S

| crash after a successfully completed close, it is unlikely that

009 +
S

| information in or about the file will be lost. On the other hand, as

010 +
S

| long as the file remains open by some process, all changes made since

011 +
S

| the file was first opened may be lost in the event of a crash.

012 S1 +
S

| As mentioned above, a process local open count records multiple opens

013 +
S

| by a single process. If a close decrements the open count to zero, any

014 +
S

| blocks of the file which are attached to the process are detached, and

015 +
S

| the swapped ECS space is refunded to the process. Fixed ECS space is

016 +
S

| also refunded, unless the file was frozen when the process opened it.

017 S1 +
S

| If the local open count becomes zero, any local claims on the file are

018 +
S

| released and the global open count is decremented. When the global

019 +
S

| open count becomes zero, a request is sent to a special disk system

020 +
S

| process which will update the contents of the file on the disk. The

021 +
S

| update is carried on simultaneously with the execution of the process

022 +
S

| requesting the close file action. The updating of the file on the disk

023 +
S

| consists of re-writing any pointer blocks which point directly or

001 + | indirectly to data blocks which have been modified and written to new
S
002 + | locations on the disk. After all pointer blocks have been written, the
S
003 + | root level pointers are re-written with the file header at their old
S
004 + | address on the disk. In this way, the old contents of the file will
S
005 + | not be lost if the system should crash before the update procedure is
S
006 + | complete.
S •
S

007 S1 + | Possible errors while closing a disk file:
S
S

		<u>Class</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
009	S1T T**	E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index is negative
010	SOT T**	E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
011	SOT T**	E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad
012	SOT T**	E.FILES	E.NODFIL	No such locally open file
013	SOT T**	E.FILES	E.INMAPS	Attached block in a map (modifier = file address of block in map)
014	SOT +			

001 N + | Attach_file_block(s) (DF:ATCH)

S
S •
S

002 S1T + | IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (?)

S

003 SOT + | IP2 D: Starting address in file

S

004 SOT + | IP3 D: Word count

S
S •
S

005 S1 + | Data blocks of a disk file may be attached by a process. Attaching a

S

006 + | data block will cause the block to be held in ECS until the block is

S

007 + | detached. If the data block is not already attached, a disk read is —

S

008 + | initiated to bring the block from the disk. However, the process does

S

009 + | not wait for the block to arrive from the disk. Since several

S

010 + | processes may share a file and attach the same block, a global

S

011 + | attachment count is maintained for disk file data blocks. If the block

S

012 + | being attached is already in ECS by virtue of being attached by some

S

013 + | other process, no disk read need be initiated. To permit multiple

S

014 + | attaches by a single process, a local attachment count is used to

S

015 + | prevent one user from over-riding the attaches of another user. Unless

S

016 + | the file (IP1) is "frozen", the user is charged for swapped ECS space

S

017 + | for each block which was not previously locally attached.

S
S

018 S1 + | Several data blocks may be attached by one call to the disk system.

S

019 + | All data blocks from the block containing the starting file address

S

020 + | (IP2) through the data block containing the starting file address plus

S

021 + | the word count (IP2 + IP3) are attached. If IP1 is a one level file,

S

022 + | only parameter checking is performed since the first level of a disk

S

023 + | (i.e. attached) file is brought to ECS when the file is opened.

032

001 S1 +	Errors may occur in the process of attaching a sequence of data blocks. If the problem is a non-existent block, an error is made to the user. The address of the next data block is returned in X6.			
002 +	In this case, the file address of the block causing the error will be added to the error number. All blocks preceding the error block will			
003 +	added to the error number. All blocks preceding the error block will			
004 +	already be attached.			
S				
S				
005 S1 +	Possible errors on attaching file block(s):			
S				
007 AT T U+		Class	Number	
S				
S				
008 S1AT **+		E.PARMS	E.NIGIX	C-list index is negative
S				
009 AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
S				
010 AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR	Negative starting file address or negative word count
S				
011 +				
S				
012 AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR	Starting file address plus word count too big
S				
013 +				
S				
014 AT T U+		E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad
S				
015 AT T U+		E.FILES	E.NABR ³	No attached block records (disk system out of local storage) (modifier = file address of last block attached)
S				
016 +				
S				
017 +				
S				
*** +				
S				
022 AT T U+		E.FILES	E.TMA ³	Too many local attaches (> 212 - 1) (modifier = file address of last block attached)
S				
023 +				
S				
024 +				
S				
025 AT T U+		E.FILES	E.TMGA ³	Too many global attaches (> 200 - 1) ²⁸
S				
026 AT T U+		E.FILES	E.DIOERR ³	Disk I/O error (modifier = file address of last block attached)
S				
027 +				
S				
*** F Z +		3 May occur after zero, one, or more blocks are attached.		

032

102

001 AT T U+
S
002 +

| E.ABLOCK E.NOSWP
|
|

Insufficient swapped ECS in process disk

Accounting record

E.ABLOCK E.NODDS

out of DDS space

001 N + | Detach Disk File Blocks
 S
 S •
 S

002 S1T + | IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally
 S open disk file (OB.)

003#SOT + | IP2 D: Starting file address

004 SOT + | IP3 D: Word count

S

006 S1 + | When portions of a disk file are no longer needed in ECS, the
 S corresponding blocks of the file should be detached. In detaching a
 S disk file block, the local attachment count is decremented. If the
 S local attachment count goes to zero, the global attachment count for
 S the block is decremented. If the global count becomes zero, the block
 S is removed from the ECS incarnation of the disk file. If the block is
 S clean (i.e., the dirty bit on the ECS file block is not set), the block
 S does not need to be written to the disk. Otherwise, the block is
 S written to the first available position on the disk. The newly written
 S block will not be linked (on the disk) to its file header until a close
 S or pseudo-close is performed on the file.

S
 S

017 S1 + | Unless the file is frozen, swapped FCS space will be refunded on all
 S blocks for which the local attachment count has become zero. As with
 S "attach", more than one block may be detached by a single call on teh
 S

020 S + | disk subsystem. Also, errors may occur after one or more blocks have
 S been detached. In this case, the file address of the offending block
 S is added to the error number.

S

023 S1 + | Possible errors while detaching a file:

(DF: DICH)
 (DF: SHA)

		<u>Class</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
001	AT T U+			
S				
002	AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.NEGIX C-list index is negative
S				
003	AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list
S				
004	AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR Negative starting file address or
S				
005	S0 +			Negative word count
S				
006	AT T U+		E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR Starting file address plus word count too
S				
007	+ S			big
008	AT T U+		E.OPER	E.CAPTY Type or options bad
S				
009	AT T U+		E.FILES	E.NATH Block not locally attached (modifier =
S				
010	+ S			file address of block)
011	AT T U+		E.FILES	E.DIOERR Disk I/O error on block (modifier = file
S				
012	+ S			(address of block)
013	AT T U+		E.FILES	E.TMD Too many detaches (block is a map and
S				
014	+ S			non-map attach count already zero) (modi-
015	+ S			fier = file address of block)

032

001 N + | Interchange file contents ("shazam") (DF.SHAZ)

S
S

002 S1I5J**+ | IP1 C: ECS file capability for primary file (OB.DERBL, OB.PDLBL) (C)

S

003 S0I5J**+ | IP2 C: ECS file capability for secondary file (OB.DIRBL, (C))

S

004 + | OB.DDLBL)

S
S

005 S1 + | It is possible to interchange the contents of two disk files without

S

006 + | copying data from one file to the other. Whenever one file is

S

007 + | considered to be the "backup" version of another file containing the

S

008 + | updated version of the file, the file interchange action may be used to

S

009 + | securely update the backup file. The file interchange is performed by

S

010 + | first updating the contents of both files on the disk and then

S

011 + | interchanging the root pointers of the two files in ECS and on the

S

012 + | disk. The order of disk writes is such that ~~first~~ the secondary file

S

013 + | header is clobbered ^{first}. Then the primary file is updated to contain the

S

014 + | ^{or} ~~from~~ contents of the secondary file. Finally, the secondary file

S

015 + | header is updated ^{or} on the disk to point to what was formerly the

S

016 + | contents of the primary file. By using this algorithm, a system This algorithm guarantees that

S

017 + | failure at any point will leave the primary file either unchanged or

S

018 + | containing the contents of the secondary file. The secondary file will

S

019 + | be 1) unchanged, 2) gone, or 3) will contain the previous contents of

S

020 + | the primary file. After the interchange, all blocks of both files will

S

021 + | be "detached" (i.e., on the disk). *NOT*

S
S

022 S1 + | In order to interchange two files, several conditions must be met. *Agg.*

S

023 + | Both files must be locally open and must not be opened by any other

S

024 + | process. No block of either file may be in a map and the accounting

032

001 + | records of the smaller file must fund the increase in file size. The
 S | accounting record of the larger file will be refunded an appropriate
 S | amount of space. One level files cannot participate in a file
 S | interchange.
 S
 S •
 005 S1 T ** | Possible errors while interchanging file contents:
 S
 S
 007 S1T T** | E.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad
 S
 008 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index is negative
 S
 009 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list
 S
 010 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.NODFIL File not locally open disk file (modifier=1 if
 S
 011 + | secondary file; 0 if primary file)
 S
 012 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.INMAPS Block in a map (modifier=file address of
 S
 013 + | offending block)
 S
 014 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.TMOPN File is open in another process (modifier=1 if
 S
 015 + | secondary file; 0 if primary file)
 S
 016 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.ZLEV File is one level file (modifier=1 if secon-
 S
 017 + | dary file; 0 if primary file)
 S
 018 AT T U+ | E.ALLOC E.NODSK Insufficient disk space in file accounting
 S
 019 + | record

032

Something happened
to margins.
NARS/N25+ was never
changed

These are tabled so
are O.K.

(Read_(write)_file

(EC:READ, EC:WRITE)

001	N	+		
S				
S	.			
S				
002	S1T	+		
S				
003	SOT	+		
S				
004	SOT	+		
S				
005	SOT	+		
S				
006	S1	+		
S				The action of reading (writing) an ECS file
007		+		transfers words between the address space of
S				the running (current) subprocess and the data
008		+		
S				
009		+		blocks of a file. In addition to the capabi-
S				
010		+		lity index for the file, the user specifies
S				
011		+		the address in the file of (for) the desired
S				
012		+		information, the address in Central Memory of
S				
013		+		the area to be read into (written from), and
S				
014		+		the number of words that are to be read
S				
015		+		(written). If a transfer is requested which
S				
016		+		involves a file address corresponding to a
S				
017		+		non-present data block, the transfer proceeds
S				
018		+		until the non-present file address is encoun-
S				
019		+		tered, whereupon F-return action passes control to the disk system, which supplies missing
S				
020		+		<i>extra card</i>
S				
021		+		blocks and reinitiates the actcontrol to the
S				
022		+		disk system. The disk system will check to
S				
023		+		see if the file (IP1) is a locally open disk
S				
024		+		file. If not, an F-return will again be

001	+		initiated (see "Process control" and "Operations"). If the file is a disk file, the missing blocks will be fetched from the disk,		
002	+				
003	+				
004	+				
005	+				
006	+				
007	+		the file is encountered, an F-return is		
008	+		initiated.		
S	*				
S	*				
009 S1	+		Possible errors while reading (writing) a		
S					
010	+		file:		
S					
S					
012 S1AT **			<u>Class</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
S					
S					
013 S1AT **			E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index is negative
S					
014 AT T U+			E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
S					
015 AT T U+			E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR	Word count negative
S					
016 SOAT **			E.PARMS	E.NEGPT	File address negative or
S					
017 S0	+				CM address negative
S					
018 SOAT **			E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR	File address plus word count (IP2 + IP4)
S					
019	+				Exceeds file length or
S					
020 S0	+				CM address plus word count (IP3+IP4)
S					
021	+				Exceeds user's field length
S					
022 AT T U+			E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad

001 N +	Make an exclusive claim on a file (with or without wait) (DF:ECLM) (with wait) (DF:ECLF) (without wait)
002 S1I5J** +	IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (OB.ECLM)
003 S1 +	An exclusive claim may be honored only when no other claim (exclusive or shared) has been issued for the file in question. Otherwise the process is added to the end of the claim wait queue for the file (IP1). If the claim cannot be satisfied immediately, it is placed in the claim wait queue.
004 S +	This queue is used to keep track of claims which cannot be honored due to outstanding claims on the file. Whenever a claim is released (see below), the claim wait queue is checked. If non-empty, either a single exclusive claim is honored from the head of the queue provided no other claims exist on the file, or a sequence of shared claims is processed from the beginning of the queue. To avoid locking up a user process in the disk system, a time limit is enforced in the claim wait queue. If a claim cannot be satisfied after a wait of one to two minutes in the queue, the user is removed from the queue and an error is returned to the caller. Finally, the claim mechanisms permit only one claim per user. Any attempt by a single user to make more than one claim on a single file will cause an error to be returned.
005 S +	Possible errors while making an exclusive claim:
020 S1AT ** +	Class Number Description
021 S1AT ** +	E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index negative
022 SOAT ** +	E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index too large
023 SOAT ** +	E.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad
024 SOAT ** +	E.FILES E.NOFIL No such open disk file

032

10

001 SOAT ** | E.FILES E.EXCLAM Local exclusive claim already
S |
002 SOAT ** | E.FILES E.SHCLAM Local shared claim already
S |
003 SOAT ** | E.FILES E.TIMOUT Time out on claim wait queue

001 N +	Make a shared claim on a file (with or without wait)	(DF.SCLM)
S		(DF.SCLF)
S		
002 S1I5J**+	IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk (OB.SCLM)	
S		
003 S1 +	If the file is not exclusively claimed by some other process and no	
S		
004 +	process is waiting for an exclusive claim, a shared claim is honored.	
S		
005 +	Note that the shared claim can be honored for several processes and has	
S		
006 +	the effect of preventing an exclusive claim. If the claim cannot be	<i>passed an immediate if successful depending on the type of file call (wait or no-wait).</i>
S		
007 +	honored, the user is added to the end of the claim wait queue. (See	
S		
008 +	above.)	
S		
S		
009 S1 +	Possible errors while make a shared claim:	
S		
S		
011 S1AT **	Class Number Description	
S		
S		
012 S1AT **	E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index negative	
S		
013 SOAT **	E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index too large	
S		
014 SOAT **	R.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad	
S		
015 SOAT **	E.FILES E.NODFIL No such open disk file	
S		
016 SOAT **	E.FILES E.EXCLAM Local exclusive claim already	
S		
017 SOAT **	E.FILES E.SHCLAM Local shared claim already	
S		
018 SOAT **	E.FILES E.TIMOUT Time out on claim wait queue	<i>L</i>

001 N + | Release claim on a file (DF:R1SE)

S
S •
S

002 S1I5J**+ | IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (OB.REL)

S

003 S1 + | If there is a claim (shared or exclusive) on the file by the calling process, the file's claim status is updated to reflect the release of the claim. If the claim was an exclusive claim or the last shared

S
004 + | claim on the file, the claim wait queue is processed. Either one

S
005 + | exclusive claimer or a sequence of shared claimers (whichever occurs

S
006 + | first) are activated from the claim wait queue.

S
S

009 S1 + | Possible errors while releasing a claim:

S
S

	<u>Class</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
011 S1AT **	E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index negative
012 S1AT **	E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index too large
013 SOAT **	E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad
014 SOAT **	E.FILES	E.NODFIL	No such open disk file
015 SOAT **	E.FILES	E.NOCLAM	No local claim exists

(EC:RS HP)

001 N +	Read shape of an ECS file		
S			
S			
002 S1T +	IP1 C: Capability for file		
S			
003 SOT +	IP2 D: Address of buffer for the shape numbers		
S			
004 SOT +	IP3 D: Buffer size		
S			
S			
005 S1 +	The shape of a file is described by a sequence of positive integers		
S			
006 +	(S1,S2,...,Sn), each of which is the number of branches in the file		
S			
007 +	tree at each node of level i ($1 \leq i \leq n$). Each Si ($i > 1$) must be a		
S			
008 +	non-negative power of two. The user can obtain these shape numbers by		
S			
009 +	specifying the index of the capability for the file whose shape he		
S			
010 +	wants to read, and the address and size of a buffer for the shape		
S			
011 +	numbers. The number of levels in the file is placed in the first word		
S			
012 +	of the buffer and the shape numbers (S1,...,Sn) are placed in		
S			
013 +	succeeding words until either the buffer is full or all the shape		
S			
014 +	numbers have been passed.		
S			
015 S1 +	Possible errors while reading shape:		
S			
S			
017 S1AT **	Class	Number	Description
S			
S			
018 S1AT **	E.FILES	E.NOFIL	File whose shape is to be read does not exist
S			
019 +	E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index negative
S			
020 AT T U+	E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list
S			
021 AT T U+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPT	Buffer address is negative
S			
022 AT T U+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR	Buffer size ≤ 0
S			
023 SOAT **	E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR	Buffer address plus size exceeds user's
S			
024 SOAT **	E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR	Buffer address plus size exceeds user's

032

102

001 +
S
002 AT T U*

|

E. OPER E. CAPTY

field length

Type or options bad

032

001 N +	Check for missing ECS data blocks ("probe")			(EC:PROB)
S	S			•
S	002 S1T +			IP1 C: Capability for ECS file
S	003 SOT +			IP2 D: Address of block in <u>ECS</u> file
S	S			the
S	004 S1 +			This action allows the user to check for the presence of a data block.
S	005 +			The parameters required are the index of the capability for the file to
S	006 +			which the block belongs, and the address within the file where the
S	007 +			block is supposed to be located. The number of missing levels in the
S	008 +			path from the root of the file tree to that particular block is
S	009 +			returned in register X6. Thus, if the block is present, X6 <- 0; if
S	010 +			the n level file is empty, X6 <- n; and if only the data block is
S	011 +			missing (its pointer block is present), X6 <- 1.
S	S			
012 S1 +	Possible errors while checking for missing blocks:			
S	S			
014 S1AT **	Class	Number	Description	
S	S			
015 S1AT **	E.FILES	E.NODFIL	The file does not exist	
S	016 AT T U+			
S	E.OPER	E.CAPTY	Type or options bad	
017 AT T U+	E.PARMS	E.NEGIX	C-list index is negative	
S	018 AT T U+			
S	E.PARMS	E.BIGIX	C-list index exceeds full C-list	
019 AT T U+	E.PARMS	E.NEGPAR	The address of the block is negative	
S	020 AT T U+			
S	E.PARMS	E.BIGPAR	The address of the block is too large	

032

10

001 N +
S
S •
S

| Close all open files(S)

(DF:CAOF)

002 S1AT +
S

| No input parameters

003 S1 +
S

| This action closes all locally open files which do not have the

004 +
S

| close-all-over-ride(O) flag set. It is to be used primarily to clean up

005 +
S

| the user process between major job steps or after things have gotten

006 +
S

| fouled up. The action will abort if a block is in the map of some file

007 +
S

| which is being closed.

008 S1 +
S

| Possible errors while closing all open files:

010 AT T U +
S

| E.FILES E.INMAPS Some block of some file is in a map (file

011 +
S(A)
| address added to error number)

001 N + | Set/reset close_all_over-ride (privileged operation)

(DF:CFLG)

S
S •
S

002 SIT + | Input parameters:

S
S

003 SII10** | IP1 C: ECS file capability for an open disk file ~~IP1~~

S
S

004 SOI10** | IP2 D: Zero for reset; non-zero for set

S
S

005 SIT + | Returned parameter:

S
S

006 SII10** | X6 is set to the old value of the over-ride flag

S
S

007 S1 + | The setting of the flag which over-rides the close-all action is

S
008 + | controlled by this action. If a file should remain open through the

For a file to

S
009 + | close-all action, the over-ride flag must be set. If IP2 is zero, the

S
010 + | over-ride flag is reset. Otherwise, the over-ride flag is set to

S
011 + | prevent the file from being closed by the "close-all open files"

S
012 + | action.

S
S

013 S1 + | Possible errors while setting-resetting close-all over-ride:

S
S

015 AT T U+ | Class Number Description

S
S

016 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.NODFIL No such locally open disk file

S
S

017 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index is negative

S
S

018 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list

S
S

019 AT T U+ | E.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad

001 N + | Check for missing disk file blocks ("probe") (DF:PROB)
 S
 S •
 S
 002 S1I5J** | IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file
 S
 003 S0I5J** | IP2 D: Address of a block in the file
 S
 S
 004 S1 + | The existence of data blocks and pointer blocks in disk files can be
 S
 005 + | checked with this action. The result is returned in register X6 and is
 S
 006 + | interpreted the same as for the "probe" of an ECS file. The first
 S
 007 + | level of a disk file always exists, and thus the empty n-level disk
 S
 008 + | file would return X6 <- n-1 for all file addresses. Disk file "probe"
 S
 009 + | may indicate fewer missing levels than there really are if blocks have
 S
 010 + | been deleted since the last "close" or "pseudo-close" of the file. An
 S
 011 + | I/O error on a data or pointer block is treated as if the block were
 S
 012 + | missing from the file.
 S
 S
 013 S1 + | Possible errors during a disk file block probe:
 S
 015 AT T U+ | Class Number Description
 S
 016 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index is negative
 S
 017 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list
 S
 018 AT T U+ | E.OPR E.CAPTY Type or options bad
 S
 019 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.NODFIL No such locally open file
 S
 020 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.BIGPAR File address too big
 S
 021 AT T U+ | E.FILES E.NEGPAR File address negative

*more up
to follow
ECS "probe"*

032

001 N +	Test_and_reset_dirty_bit	(EC:TRDB)
S		
S		
002 S1T +	IP1 C: Capability for file (OB.TRDB)	
S		
003 S0T +	IP2 D: Any address within block to be tested	
S		
S		
004 S1I5J5+*	Returns 0 in X6 if the block was clean. Returns 1 in X6 if the	
S		
005 +	block was dirty. F-returns if specified block does not exist.	
S		
S		
006 S1 +	A bit on each data block of a file is used to tell whether or not the	
S		
007 +	block has been written in since it was last tested. A complete	
S		
008 +	description of the logic controlling the bit is	
S		
S		
009 S1I5 +	1. Data blocks are created clean.	
S		
010 S0I5 +	2. Blocks are dirtied by:	
S		
011 S0I10**+	a. file writes to any part of the block, including writes	
S		
012 +	with a word count of 0;	
S		
013 S0I10**+	b. being put in a map R/W;	
S		
014 S0I10**+	c. being put in a DAE map entry	
S		
015 S0I5J5+*	3. Move block carries the dirty bit along with the block.	
S		
016 S0I5J5+*	4. Test and reset leaves the block clean.	
S		
017 S1 +	Possible errors while testing and resetting dirty bit:	
S		
S		
019 S1AT **	<u>Class</u> <u>Number</u> <u>Description</u>	
S		
020 S1AT **	E.FILES E.NODFIL File does not exist	
S		
021 S0AT **	E.PARMS E.NEGPAR File address negative	
S		
022 S0AT **	E.PARMS E.BIGPAR File address too large	
S		
023 AT T U*	E.PARMS E.NEGIX C-list index negative	

032

10

001 AT T U+ | E.PARMS E.BIGIX C-list index exceeds full C-list
S

002 AT T U+ | E.OPER E.CAPTY Type or options bad

032

001	N	+	Return_and_reset_disk_subsystem_clocks	(DF: CLKS)
	S			
	S	*		
	S			
002	S1T	+	No input parameters	
	S			
	S			
003	S1T	+	Returned parameters:	
	S			
	S			
004	S1T	+	RDAT D: system time	
	S			
005	S0T	+	Swap time	
	S			
006	S0T	+	disk sys time	
	S			
	S			
007	S1	+	The cumulative time expended by the disk subsystem since the last	
	S			
008		+	"return and reset" action is returned to the caller.	

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

PAG LIN CODE

001 001 +FRONT+
 001 002 +SWIDTH71+
 001 003 +DEPTH50+
 001 004 +LENGTH71+
 001 005 +DOUBLE+
 001 006 +MARGIN0+
 001 012 +MARGIN35+
 001 013 -S1AT1-ECS File Actions -U-Disk File Actions
 001 014 -S1AT1-Create a file -U-Create a file
 001 015 -AT1-Create a data block -U-Create a data block
 001 016 -AT1-Delete a data block -U-Delete a data block
 001 017 -AT1-Delete a file -U-Delete a file
 001 018 -AT1-Check missing block (probe) -U-Check for missing block on disk file
 001 020 -AT1-Read file shape -U-Open read only (read/write)
 001 021 -AT1-Read/write information -U-Close
 001 022 -AT1-Move a data block -U-Pseudo-close
 001 023 -AT1-Test and reset dirty bit -U-Attach file blocks
 002 004 +MARGIN0+
 002 009 -S1T2-IP1 C: Capability for allocation block (OB.CRFIL)
 002 010 -SOT2-IP2 D: C-list index to return capability
 002 011 -SOT2-IP3 D: Number of levels in the file
 002 012 -SOT2-IP4 D: Pointer to a list of shape numbers
 004 002 +MARGIN30+
 004 003 -AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
 004 004 -S1AT1-E.ABLOCK -T3-E.NOABLK -U-Allocation block does not exist
 004 005 -AT1-E.ABLOCK -T3-E.NOECS -U-No ECS available
 004 006 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX-U-C-list index is negative.
 004 007 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGIX-U-C-list index exceeds full C-list
 004 008 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.NEGPT-U-Pointer to list of shape numbers is
 004 010 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.NEGPAR -U-Level number n < 1
 004 011 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGPAR-U-Level number is too large or
 004 014 -AT1-E.OPER-T3-E.CAPTY-U-Type or options bad
 004 015 -AT1-E.FILES-T3-E.NEGSIZ -U-Non-positive shape number
 004 016 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.BIGSIZ -U-Shape numbers exceeds $2^{17}-1$
 004 017 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOTPOW-U-Shape number other than S1 not a power of
 004 019 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.BIGFIL -U-Total size of file exceeds $2^{59}-1$
 004 020 +MARGIN0+
 005 001 -N-Create a disk file (privileged operation *)
 005 002 -F-* Privileged operations are used by privileged system subprocesses
 005 003 and are not allowed to be in C-lists.-Z-
 005 004
 005 005 -S1T1- Input parameters:
 005 006 -SOT2-IP1 D: Disk accounting record number
 005 007 -SOT2-IP2 BD: Shape numbers S1 through Sn
 005 008 -S1T1-Returned parameters:
 005 009 -SOT2-RDAT D: Disk unique name, header block size, and disk address
 005 010 -SOT3-(one word)
 005 011 -SOT2-RCAP C: ECS file capability for new file
 006 010 -S1T4-multi-level files - number of levels ≤ 11
 006 011 +MARGIN39+
 006 013 -SOT11- 512
 006 015 -SOT10- ≥ 8
 006 016 -SOT10- ≤ 128
 006 017 -SOT10- = $2^{\star}n$ for some n

000 020 *MARGIND*

007 005 +SETTAB1=3,2=15,3=27+

007 006 -S1T1-Class -T2-Number -T3-Description

007 007 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGPAR -T3-Level number < 1

007 008 -S0T1-E.FILES -T2-E.LLEV -T3-Level number too large

007 009 -S0T1-E.FILES -T2-E.NEGSIZ -T3-Data block size negative or (multi-

007 010 -S0T3- level file) too small (< 128)

007 011 -S0T3-Shape number too small (< 8)

007 012 -S0T1-E.FILES -T2-E.BIGSIZ -T3-Data block too big (multi-level > 512) (one-

007 013 -S0T3-level > 508; shape number too big (> 128)

007 014 -S0T1-E.FILES -T2-E.NOTPOW -T3-Data block size or pointer block size

007 015 -S0T3- (multi-level file) not power of 2

007 016 -S0T1-E.FILES -T2-E.BIGFIL -T3-File too big (> $2^{36} - 1$)

007 017 -S0T1-E.FILES -T2-E.NOLFH -T3-Too many locally open files

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

PAG LIN CODE

007 018 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.FULL -T3-Disk system tables full
 007 019 -SOT1-E.ABLOCK -T2-E.NOABLK -T3-Disk accounting record does not exist
 007 020 -SOT1-E.ABLOCK -T2-E.NOECS -T3-Not enough fixed ECS for file
 007 021 -SOT1-E.ABLOCK -T2-E.NODSK -T3-Not enough permanent disk space in
 007 022 -SOT3- disk accounting record
 007 023 +SETTAB+

008 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: Capability for file (OB.CREBL)
 008 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Address of block in the file
 009 002 -S1T1-Class -T3-Number -T3-Description
 009 003 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -T3-C-list index is negative
 009 004 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -T3-C-list index exceeds full C-list
 009 005 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPT -T3-Address of new block is negative
 009 006 -SOT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGPT-T5-Address of new block ≥ file length
 009 007 -SOT5- (address range: 0 to length-1)
 009 008 -SOT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -T3-Type or options bad
 009 009 -SOT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOFIL -T3-File does not exist
 009 010 -SOT1-E.FILES-T3-E.ISBLK-T5-Address of new block indicates an already
 009 011 -SOT5- existing block
 009 012 -SOT1-E.ABLOCK -T3-E.NOECS-T5-No ECS space available
 010 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: ECS file capability for locally open disk file (OB.DCRBL)
 010 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Starting file address
 010 004 -SOT1-IP3 D: Word count
 011 004 +SETTAB1=3,2=12,3=25+
 011 005 -S1T1-Class -T2-Number -T3-Description
 011 006 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGPAR -T3-Nclass -T2-Number -T3-Description
 011 007 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGIX -T3-C-list index is negative
 011 008 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGIX -T3-C-list index exceeds full C-list
 011 009 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGPAR -T3-Negative starting file address or negative
 011 010 -SOT3- word count
 011 011 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGPAR -T3-File address plus word count exceeds file
 011 012 -SOT3- length
 011 013 -SOT1-E.OPER -T2-E.CAPTY -T3-Type or options bad
 011 014 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.NODFIL -T3-No such disk file opened by this process
 011 015 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.DIOERR1 -T3-Error on pointer block read from disk
 011 016 -SOT3- (modifier = file address of first block not
 011 017 -SOT3- created)
 011 017 -SOT3- created)
 011 018 -F-1 Error may occur after zero, one or more blocks have been created.-Z-
 011 019
 011 020 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.ISBLK1 -T3-Data block address already exists (modifier =
 011 021 -SOT3- file address of block which exists)
 011 022 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.NABR1 -T3-No attached block record, i.e., disk system
 011 023 -SOT3- out of local storage (modifier = file address
 011 024 -SOT3- of first block not created)
 011 025 -SOT1-E.ABLOCK -T2-E.NODSK -T3-Insufficient disk space to fund all data blocks
 012 001 -SOT1-E.ABLOCK -T2-E.NOSWP -T3-Insufficient swapped ECS in process disk
 012 002 -SOT3-accounting record.
 012 003 +SETTAB+

013 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: Capability for file (OB.DELBL)
 013 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Address of block to be deleted
 013 010 +SETTAB1=3,2=15,3=27+
 013 011 -SOT1-Class -T2-Number -T3-Description
 013 012 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T2-E.NEGIX -T3-C-list is negative
 013 013 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGIX -T3-C-list index exceeds full C-list

013 014 -SOT1-L.PARMS -T2-E.NEGPAR -T3-Pointer is negative
013 015 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T2-E.BIGPAR -T3-Pointer is too large
013 016 -SOT1-E.OPER -T2-E.CAPTY -T3-Type or options bad
013 017 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.NOBLK -T3-Block to be deleted does not exist
013 018 -SOT1-E.FILES -T2-E.INMAPS -T3-Block to be deleted is in a map
013 019 +SETTAB+

014 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: ECS file capability for locally open disk file (OB.DPLBL)
014 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Starting address in file

014 004 -SOT1-IP3 D: Word count
015 003 +MARGIN30+

015 004 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description

015 005 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index is negative

015 006 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX-U-C-list index exceeds full C-list

015 007 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPAR -U-Negative starting file address or nega

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

PAG LIN CODE

015 009 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGPAR -U-File address plus word count exceeds file
 015 011 -AT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad
 015 012 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL -U-No such disk file open by calling process
 015 013 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.DIOERR2 -U-I/O error reading pointer block (modifier
 015 016 +MARGIN0+
 015 017 -P-? Error may occur after zero, one or more block have been deleted.-Z-

015 018
 015 019 +MARGIN30+
 015 020 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOBLK2 -U-Block to be deleted does not exist (modi
 015 023 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.TMGA2 -U-Block is attached to another process
 015 026 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.INMAPS2-U-Block in some map in calling process
 016 002 +MARGIN0+

017 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: Capability for ECS file (OB.DSTRY)
017 007 -S1T1-Class-T3-Number -T5-Description
 017 008 -S1T1-E.PARMS-T3-E.NEGIX-T5-C-list indlist
 017 009 -SOT1-E.FILES-T3-E.NOFIL-T5-File to be deleted does not exist
 017 010 -SOT1-E.FILES-T3-E.NOTEMP-T5-File to be deleted is not empty
 017 011 -SOT1-E.OPER-T3-E.CAPTY-T5-Type or options bad

018 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: Capability for source file (OB.RDFIL, OB.DELBL)
 018 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Address in source file of block to be moved
 018 004 -SOT1-IP3 C: Capability for destination file (OB.WFILE, OB.CREBL)
 018 005 -SOT1-IP4 D: Address in destination file of block to be moved
 018 017 +MARGIN30+
 018 018 -S1AT1-E.FILES-T3-E.NOBLK-U-Block to be moved does not exist in

018 020 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.TSBLK-U-A block already exists at the designated
 018 022 -AT1-E.FILES-T3-E.MISMCH-U-Files do not have equal data block sizes
 018 023 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.INMAPS-U-Block to be moved is in a map
 018 024 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPT-U-File address negative
 019 001 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGPT-U-File address too large
 019 002 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.NEGIX-U-C-list index is negative

019 003 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGIX-U-C-list index exceeds full C-list
 019 004 -AT1-E.OPER-T3-E.CAPTY-U-Type or options bad
 019 005 +MARGIN0+

020 002 -S1T1-Input parameter:
 020 003 -SOT2-IP1 C: Disk file capability (OB.OPEN (OB.WFILE))
 020 004 -S1T1-Returned parameter:

020 005 -SOT2-RCAP C: ECS file capability for open disk file

022 002 +MARGIN35+
 022 003 -S1AT1-OB.DSTRY -U-Destroy a file
 022 004 -SOAT1-OB.CHNAM -U-Change unique name
 022 005 -SOAT1-OB.CREBL -U-Create a block
 022 006 -SOAT1-OB.DELBL -U-Delete a block

022 007 -SOAT1-OB.FDAE -U-Direct ECS access
 022 008 -AT1-OB.PLMAP-U-Place in subprocess map
 022 009 -AT1-OB.TRDB-U-Test and reset dirty bit
 022 010 +MARGIN0+
 022 012 +MARGIN35+

022 013 -SOAT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
 022 014 -STAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX-U-C-list is negative
 022 015 -SOAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX-U-C-list index exceeds full C-list
 022 016 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL -U-No such disk file or
 022 018 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.TMOPN -U-Too many opens (local open count > ?)
 022 020 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOLFH -U-Too many locally open files (> ?)
 022 021 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.BULL -U-Disk system tables full

```
022 023 -SOAT1-E.ABLOCK -T3-F.NOECS -U-Insufficient fixed ECS to open file
022 024 +MARGINO+
023 002 -S1T1- IP1 C: ECS file capability (or disk file capability
023 003 -SOT2-for locally open disk file (OB.CLOSE)
024 008 -S1T1-Class -T3-Number -T6-Description
024 009 -S1T1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -T6-C-list index is negative
024 010 -SOT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -T6-C-list index exceeds full C-list
024 011 -SOT1-E.OPER-T3-E.CAPTY-T6-Type or options bad
024 012 -SOT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL -T6-No such locally open file
024 013 -SOT1-E.FILES -T3-E.INMAPS -T6-Attached block in a map (modifier
024 014 -SOT6- file address of block in map)
025 002 -S1T1-IPU C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (?)
025 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Starting address in file
```

PAG LIN CODE

033 011 +MARGIN30+
033 012 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
033 013 -S1AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index is negative
033 014 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -U-C-list index exceeds full C-list
033 015 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPAR -U-Word count negative
033 016 -SOAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPT -U-File address negative or
033 018 -SOAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGPAR -U-File address plus word count (IP2 + IP4)
033 022 -AT1-E.OPER-T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad
033 023 +MARGIN0+
034 002 -S1I5J10-IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (OB.ECLM)
034 019 +MARGIN30+
034 020 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
034 021 -S1AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index negative
034 022 -SOAT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGIX -U-C-list index too large
034 023 -SOAT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad

ALTER CODES, EXPANDED EDIT CODES, FOOTNOTES, AND ERROR MESSAGES

PAG LIN CODE

034 024 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOFIL -U-No such open disk file
 035 001 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.EXCLAM -U-Local exclusive claim already
 035 002 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.SHCLAM -U-Local shared claim already
 035 003 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.TIMOUT -U-Time out on claim wait queue
 035 004 +MARGIN0+
 036 002 -S1I5J10-IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (OB.SCLM)
 036 010 +MARGIN30+
 036 011 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
 036 012 -S1AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index negative
 036 013 -SOAT1-E.PARMS-T3-E.BIGIX -U-C-list index too large
 036 014 -SOAT1-R.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad
 036 015 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL-U-No such open disk file
 036 016 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.EXCLAM -U-Local exclusive claim already
 036 017 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.SHCLAM -U-Local shared claim already
 036 018 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.TIMOUT -U-Time out on claim wait queue
 036 019 +MARGIN0+
 037 002 -S1I5J10-IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file (OB.REL)
 037 010 +MARGIN30+
 037 011 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
 037 012 -S1AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index negative
 037 013 -SOAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -U-C-list index too large
 037 014 -SOAT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad
 037 015 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL-U-No such open disk file
 037 016 -SOAT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOCLAM -U-No local claim exists
 037 017 +MARGIN0+
 038 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: Capability for file
 038 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Address of buffer for the shape numbers
 038 004 -SOT1-IP3 D: Buffer size
 038 016 +MARGIN30+
 038 017 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
 038 018 -S1AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NOFIL -U-File whose shape is to be read does not
 038 020 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index negative
 038 021 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -U-Coslist index exceeds full C-list
 038 022 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPT -U-Buffer address is negative
 038 023 -SOAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPAR -U-Buffer size < 0
 038 024 -SOAT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGPAR -U-Buffer address plus size exceeds user's
 039 002 -AT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad
 039 003 +MARGIN0+
 040 002 -S1T1-IP1 C: Capability for ECS file
 040 003 -SOT1-IP2 D: Address of block in ECS file
 040 013 +MARGIN30+
 040 014 -S1AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
 040 015 -S1AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL-U-The file does not exist
 040 016 -AT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY-U-Type or options bad
 040 017 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGIX -U-C-list index is negative
 040 018 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -U-C-list index exceeds full C-list
 040 019 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NEGPAR-U-The address of the block is negative
 040 020 -AT1-E.PARMS-T3-F.BIGPAR-U-The address of the block is too large
 040 021 +MARGIN0+
 041 002 -S1AT1-No input parameter
 041 009 +MARGIN30+
 041 010 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.INMAPS-U-Some block of some file is in a map (file
 041 012 +MARGIN0+
 042 002 -S1T1-Input parameters:

042 004 -S0I10J15-IP2 D: Zero for reset; non-zero for
042 005 -S1T1-Returned parameter
042 006 -S1I10J15-X6 is set to the old value of the over-ride flag
042 014 +MARGIN30+
042 015 -AT1-Class -T3-Number -U-Description
042 016 -AT1-E.FILES -T3-E.NODFIL -U-No such locally open disk file
042 017 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.NIGIX -U-C-list index is negative
042 018 -AT1-E.PARMS -T3-E.BIGIX -U-C-list index exceeds full c-list
042 019 -AT1-E.OPER -T3-E.CAPTY -U-Type or options bad
042 020 +MARGIN0+
043 002 -S1I5J10-IP1 C: ECS file capability for a locally open disk file
043 003 -S0I5J10-IP2 D: Address of a block in the file
043 014 +MARGIN30+