INTERRUPT PRIORITIES WITHIN A PROCESS ARE DETERMINED BY THE BINARY MAGNITUDE OF ~~THE~~ HIGH ORDER 45 BITS OF THEIR NAMES.

1) ALLOWS MORE THAN ONE SUBPROCESS TO HAVE SAME PRIORITY (i.e. CAN'T INTERRUPT EACH OTHER)

2) PROTECT SYSTEM BY USING ~~EARLY~~ EARLY CLASS CODES

3) USER CAN CONTROL PRIORITIES OF HIS OWN SUBP BY REMEMBERING THE ORDER IN WHICH HE ~~CHATES~~ THE CLASS CODES OR BY ASSIGNING APPRRIATE TEMP PARTS (HIGH ORDER 15 BITS OF 30 BIT TEMP PART)

4) USE TOP OF STACK INTERRUPT INHIBIT TO ~~DISABLE~~ INHIBIT INTERRPTS AT SAME PRIORITY

5) USE REAL TIME GLOBAL INHIBIT TO ~~~~ LOCK OUT ALL INTERRUPTS [IS VALUE COMPARED TO ~~REAL TIME~~ μ SEC CLOCK ON ALL SWAPIN, if expired — CAUSE ERROR ~~~~ G4 to outstanding interrupts

CAN ONY BE SET ONCE — ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO SET BEFORE RESET IS ERROR